



IOM - OIM

EASTERN EQUATORIA

Village Assessment Survey County Profiles



VILLAGE ASSESSMENT SURVEY COUNTY PROFILES

EASTERN EQUATORIA

2012 -2013

Torit

Ikotos



The Village Assessment Survey (VAS) has been used by IOM since 2007 and is a comprehensive data source for South Sudan that provides granular data from 30 priority counties with the aim of informing reintegration assistance around basic services and infrastructure, livelihoods, land and shelter, WASH, education, health, and protection.

The most recent VAS represents IOM's largest effort to date and after consultations with the Government of South Sudan Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC), UN agencies, and state-level partners, 30 priority counties were identified for the assessment. These comprise of 871 bomas, 197 payams, 468 health facilities, and 1,277 primary schools. There was a particular emphasis on assessing payams outside state capitals, where comparatively fewer comprehensive assessments have been carried out. IOM conducted the VAS in priority counties that represent an estimated 72% of the returnee population.

Methodology

The data presented are the results of four integrated questionnaires. At the boma level, a Boma Questionnaire gathered data in relation to basic services and socioeconomic conditions from boma committees, composed of the boma chief, as well as representatives of the youth, women, and returnees.

In bomas where the Boma Questionnaire was being administered, separate Health and Education Technical Questionnaires were also distributed to healthcare workers and education administrators in order to capture specific data on the level of capacity and structure of public services provided to the boma.

At the payam level, a Payam Authority Questionnaire was distributed to senior payam officials for an additional source of data and for comparison with the boma level responses. All of these research instruments supply triangulated sources of information, as they are independent verifications of information collected at the boma and payam level.

Selection Process and Data Analysis

State capitals were excluded from the assessment due to the fact that these had already been the subject of previous studies. Likewise, payams within state capitals were not surveyed while those outside the capital were included. In consultation with the RRC, UN agencies, and state-level partners, counties not previously considered were identified for the assessment.

Guide to Booklets

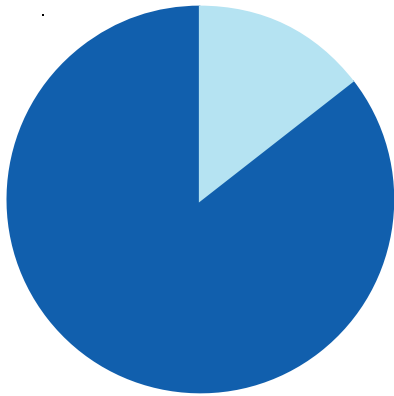
As a guide to reading the tables, please note that entries with a dash (-) indicate an absence of data while entries with a zero (0) indicate a total of zero responses.

The following booklets represent the data of VAS 2013 organised alphabetically by County.

COUNTY PROFILE

TORIT, WESTERN EQUATORIA

County Population Information



Current (2012) Population
(Source: Est. from NBS)

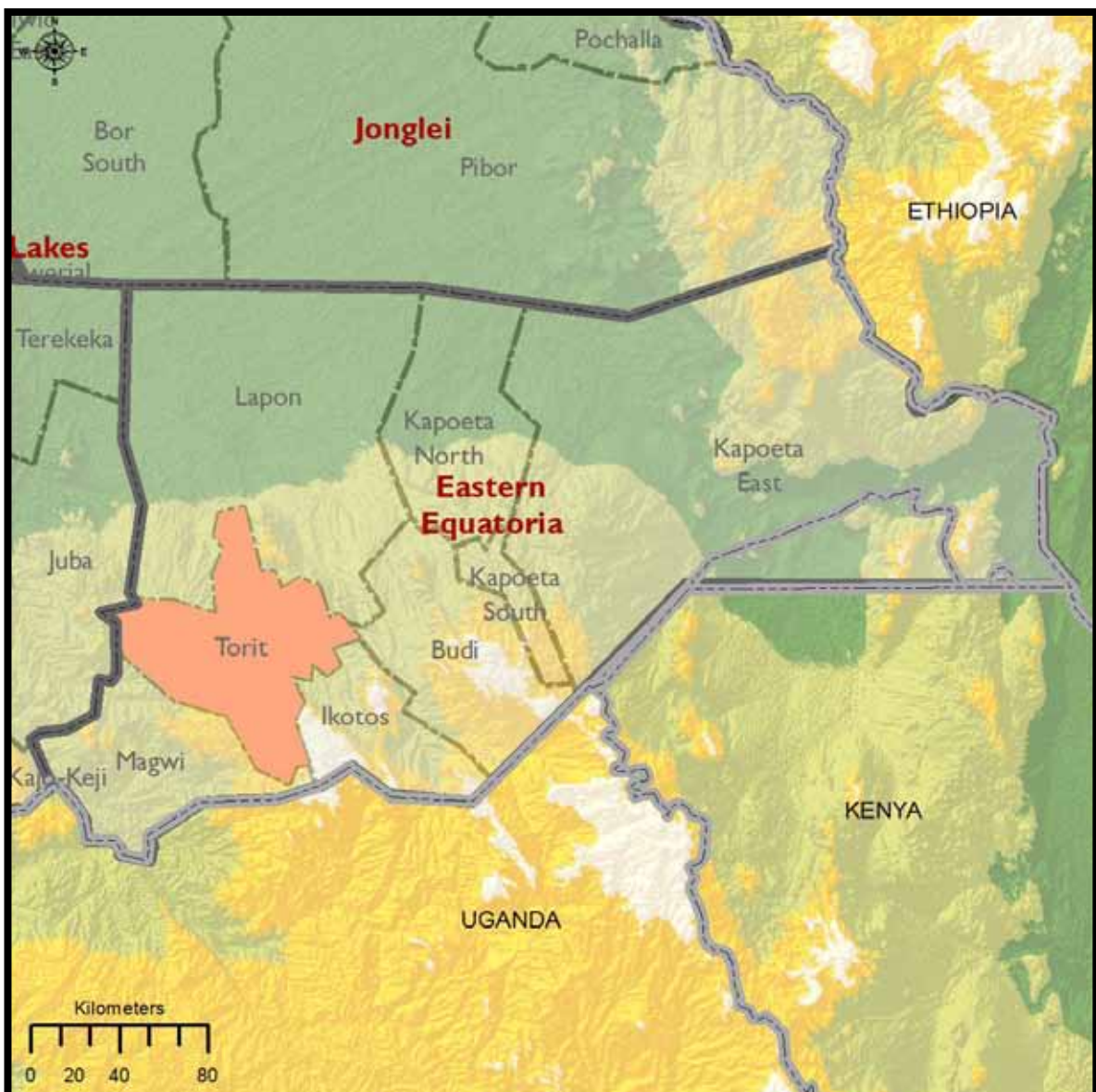
110,662

Returnees, Feb 2007-Dec 2012
(Source: IOM)

16,749

Ratio of Returnees to
Population

15.14%



Payams & Bomas		
Payam	Boma	Number of Villages
Bur	Autak	2
	Bolore	2
	Hitobok	5
	Owodo	5
Hiyalla	Imatari	4
	Murahatiha	4
	Nyibira	3
	Tirangore	4
	Tuhubak	3
Homodonge	Forohore	6
	Hilleu	4
	Keberek	3
	Otose	4
Ifwotur	Gunyoro	3
	Iholong	5
	Imokoru	5
	Moti	8
Imurok	Central Imurok	4
	Chuful	5
	Ifoho	4
	Isaloro	5
Lyire	Achimoro	4
	Barbal	4
	Hafai	4
	Haramorok	5
	Nyara	5
Kudo	Hutiala	3
	Lofiriha	3
	Loulang	4
	Lowoi North	4
	Lowoi South	4

Demographic Indicators of Respondents & Land Status

Payam	Main Tribes	Main Languages	Average Household Size (persons)	Main Settlement Types	Main Land Ownerships	Presence of Mines/UXO per Boma
Bur	Lotuka Otuho	Otuho	Max 15 Min 6	Permanent	Communal Ancestral	4 of 4
Hiyalla	Latuka Lotuko Otuho	Latuka Lotuka Otuho	Max 15 Min 7	Permanent	Communal	5 of 5
Homodonge	Latuka Lotuka	Otuho	Max 12 Min 4	Permanent	Communal Ancestral	1 of 4
Ifwotur	Lotuka	Otuho	Max 12 Min 8	Permanent	Communal	0 of 4
Imurok	Lotuka	Otuho	Max 13 Min 6	Permanent	Communal	2 of 4
Lyire	Lotuka Lotuko	Lotuko Otuho	Max 12 Min 4	Permanent	Communal	0 of 5
Kudo	Lokoya Lotuka	Lokoyo Otuho	Max 18 Min 5	Permanent	Communal Ancestral	1 of 5

LIVELIHOODS (BQ 2012)

Agricultural Practices & Challenges

Payam	Bomas Engaged in Farming	Food Crops Grown	Production Needs	Major Problems
Bur	4 of 4	Maize Sorghum Sesame Groundnuts Vegetables	Seed Tools Fertilizers Labor Training Tractor Compost Fertilizer Ox Plough Irrigation Equipment	Crop Diseases Other crop damage Market Access Conflict Natural Disaster
Hiyalla	5 of 5	Sorghum Groundnuts	Seed Tools Fertilizers Labor Training Tractor Compost Fertilizer Ox Plough Irrigation Equipment	Crop Diseases Other crop damage Market Access Natural Disaster
Homodonge	4 of 4	Maize Sorghum Sesame Groundnuts Vegetables Millet Casava	Land Seed Tools Fertilizers Labor Training Tractor Compost Fertilizer Ox Plough Irrigation Equipment	Crop Diseases Other crop damage Market Access Conflict Natural Disaster
Ifwotur	4 of 4	Maize Sorghum Sesame Groundnuts Vegetables Millet Casava	Seed Tools Fertilizers Labor Training Tractor Ox Plough Irrigation Equipment	Crop Diseases Other crop damage Market Access

(Agricultural Practices & Challenges Continued)

Payam	Bomas Engaged in Farming	Food Crops Grown	Production Needs	Major Problems
Imurok	4 of 4	Maize Sorghum Sesame Groundnuts Vegetables Millet Casava	Seed Tools Fertilizers Labor Training Tractor Compost Fert. Ox Plough	Crop Diseases Other crop damage Market Access Natural Disaster
Lyire	5 of 5	Maize Sorghum Sesame Groundnuts Vegetables Casava Other food crops	Seed Tools Fertilizers Labor Training Tractor Compost Fert. Ox Plough Irrigation Equip.	Crop Diseases Other crop damage Market Access Natural Disaster
Kudo	5 of 5	Maize Sorghum Sesame Groundnuts Vegetables Millet Casava	Seed Tools Tractor Ox Plough	Crop Diseases Other crop damage Market Access Natural Disaster

TORIT, EASTERN EQUATORIA

Pastoralist Practices, Challenges & Market Access

Payam	Bomas Engaged in Livestock	Primary Livestock	Bomas with Livestock Market	Major Problems
Bur	4 of 4	Cattle Goats	0 of 4	Disease Water Market Conflict
Hiyalla	5 of 5	Cattle Goats	0 of 5	Disease Water Market Droughts & Floods
Homdonge	3 of 4	Cattle	1 of 4	Disease Water Market Conflict Droughts & Floods
Ifwotur	4 of 4	Goats	0 of 4	Disease Market
Imurok	4 of 4	Goats	0 of 4	Disease Water
Lyire	5 of 5	Goats	0 of 5	Disease Water Market
Kudo	5 of 5	Goats	0 of 5	Disease Water

Fishing Practices, Challenges & Alternate Means of Income

Payam	Bomas Engaged in Fisheries	Major Problems	Other Means of Income
Bur	2 of 4	Lack of inputs Drought & Floods Storage Conflict	Income generating activities
Hiyalla	0 of 5	None	Income generating activities
Homodonge	1 of 4	None	Income generating activities
Ifwotur	0 of 4	None	Income generating activities
Imurok	0 of 4	None	Income generating activities
Lyire	0 of 5	None	Income generating activities
Kudo	0 of 5	None	Income generating activities

Shocks & Coping Mechanisms

Payam	Period of Scarcity	Coping with Scarcity	Shocks in Past 2 Years	Coping with Shocks
Bur	Jan -Sept	Reduced meals Forest fruits & vegetables	Floods Disease Human epidemic Crop disease Pests Conflict	Wait for assistance Take loan Sell livestock
Hiyalla	Jan - July	Reduced meals Forest fruits & vegetables Extended family support	Drought Disease Human epidemic Crop disease Pests	Wait for assistance Sell livestock
Homodonge	April-Aug	Forest fruits & vegetables Extended family support	Drought Disease Crop disease Pests	Wait for assistance Sell livestock
Ifwotur	July - Sept	Reduced meals Forest fruits & vegetables	Disease Human epidemic Crop disease Pests	Wait for assistance Sell livestock
Imurok	May - Nov	Reduced meals Forest fruits & vegetables	Disease Pests	Wait for assistance Sell livestock
Lyire	May - July	Reduced meals Forest fruits & vegetables Extended family support	Disease Pests	Wait for assistance Sell livestock
Kudo	June-August	Reduced meals Forest fruits & vegetables	Disease Crop disease Pests	Wait for assistance Sell livestock

HEALTH (BQ 2012 & HEALTH TECHNICAL)

Health Facilities by Type, Attendance & Availability of Trained Personnel

Payam	Hospitals	PHCCs	PHCUs	Bomas w/Facilities	Avg. Annual Facility Attendance ^[1]	Bomas w/Doctor	Bomas w/ MCHW	Bomas w/Nurse
Bur	0	1	6	4 of 4	3,244	0	0	0
Hiyalla	0	1	2	2 of 5	6,166	0	0	0
Homodonge	0	0	0	1 of 4	1,587	0	1	1
Ifwotur	0	1	1	2 of 4	756	0	0	0
Imurok	0	0	3	3 of 4	1,132	0	0	0
Lyire	-	-	-	2 of 5	-	-	-	-
Kudo	0	1	2	3 of 5	2,827	0	1	1

^[1] Mean average facility attendance covers facility reported patient intake for 2009-2011.

Health Awareness Raising Activities & Epidemiological Indicators

Payam	Bomas with Education Awareness on HIV/AIDS (Source: BQ)	Facility Conducts Immunization	Top Illness U5s	Past Outbreak	Likely Outbreak
Bur	0 of 4	8 of 8	Malaria Pneumonia Diarrhea	2 of 8	Meningitis
Hiyalla	1 of 5	1 of 1	Malaria Diarrhea	1 of 2	None
Homodonge	0 of 4	1 of 1	Malaria	0 of 1	None
Ifwotur	0 of 4	2 of 2	Diarrhea	0 of 2	None
Imurok	1 of 4	3 of 3	Malaria	0 of 3	None
Lyire	-	-	-	-	-
Kudo	5 of 5	2 of 3	Malaria Pneumonia	0 of 3	None

WATER & SANITATION (BQ 2012)

Water Accessibility, Migration & Conflict

Payam	Most Year-Round Accessible Source	Water Accessible to All per Boma	Seasonal Migration	Conflict on Migration Route Due to Competition for Water per Boma	Local Water Conflicts per Boma
Bur	River	2 of 4	1 of 4	0 of 4	3 of 4
Hiyalla	Borehole	1 of 5	0 of 5	0 of 5	1 of 5
Homodonge	River	0 of 4	0 of 4	0 of 4	3 of 4
Ifwotur	River	1 of 4	0 of 4	0 of 4	2 of 4
Imurok	Stream	0 of 4	0 of 4	0 of 4	0 of 4
Lyire	None	0 of 5	1 of 5	1 of 5	0 of 5
Kudo	None	0 of 5	0 of 5	0 of 5	5 of 5

Sanitation Facilities & Hygiene Education

Payam	Most Common Latrine Type	Bomas with Hygiene Education in Past 2 Years
Bur	None	3 of 4
Hiyalla	None	2 of 5
Homodonge	None	1 of 4
Ifwotur	None	2 of 4
Imurok	None	4 of 4
Lyire	Public simple pit Household simple toilet	1 of 5
Kudo	Household simple toilet	1 of 5

EDUCATION (BQ 2012 & EDUCATION TECHNICAL)

School Availability by Grade, Curriculum & Estimated Attendance Rate

Payam	Schools <S4	Schools =S4	Schools <S6	Schools <S8	Curriculums	% Attending ^[1]	% Girls Attending
Bur	1	5	1	0	Old Sudan Kenya Uganda New S. Sudan	25%	50%
Hiyalla	0	1	1	3	New S. Sudan	30%	65%
Homodonge	0	2	2	0	Old Sudan New S. Sudan	32%	75%
Ifwotur	5	3	2	0	New S. Sudan	25%	75%
Imurok	0	4	3	0	New S. Sudan	57%	62%
Lyire	-	-	-	-	-	44%	56%
Kudo	0	5	1	1	New S. Sudan	45%	40%

^[1] Source: BQ 2012.

Causes of School Dropout & Urgent Needs

Payam	Boys Reasons for Dropping Out	Girls Reasons for Dropping Out	Bomas with School	Most Urgent Needs ^[2]
Bur	Family decision Migration	Distance Early marriage Family decision	4 of 4	Trained Teachers
Hiyalla	Distance Family decision Migration	Distance Early marriage Family decision Migration	5 of 5	Trained Teachers
Homodonge	Distance Conflict Family decision Migration	Distance Conflict Early marriage Family decision Migration	4 of 4	Other need
Ifwotur	Distance Language Family Decision	Distance Early marriage Family decision	4 of 4	Trained teachers
Imurok	Distance Language Family decision	Distance Early marriage Family decision Migration	4 of 4	Trained Teachers Maintenance
Lyire	-	-	5 of 5	Trained Teachers Maintenance
Kudo	Distance Language Family decision Migration	Distance Early marriage Family decision	5 of 5	Trained Teachers Maintenance School feeding

^[2] Source: BQ 2012.

PROTECTION (BQ 2012)

Internal & External Threats & Availability of Rule of Law Institutions

Payam	External Threat	Internal Threat	Women Feel Unsafe per Boma	Bomas with Police Station	Bomas with Traditional Court
Bur	Armed Conflict Drought Floods Hunger Epidemics Other	Local conflict Domestic Violence Violence against women Seasonal road access Crop disease Livestock disease	1 of 4	2 of 4	4 of 4
Hiyalla	Hunger Epidemics	Domestic Violence Violence against women Seasonal road access Crop disease Livestock disease	0 of 5	3 of 5	5 of 5
Homodonge	Hunger	Local conflict Domestic Violence Violence against women Seasonal road access Crop disease Livestock disease	0 of 4	3 of 4	4 of 4
Ifwotur	Hunger	Local conflict Domestic Violence Violence against women Seasonal road access Crop disease Livestock disease	0 of 4	0 of 4	2 of 4

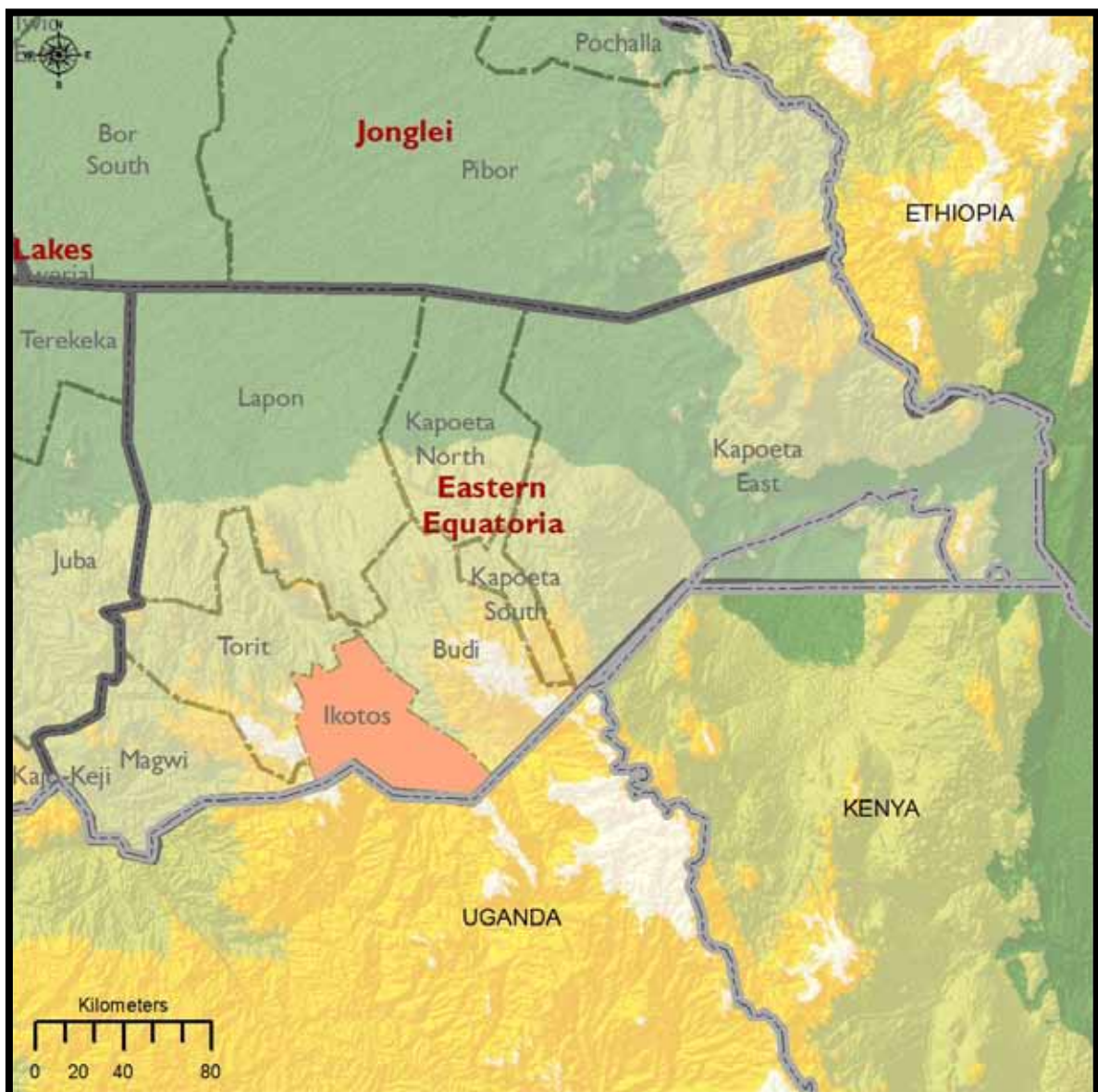
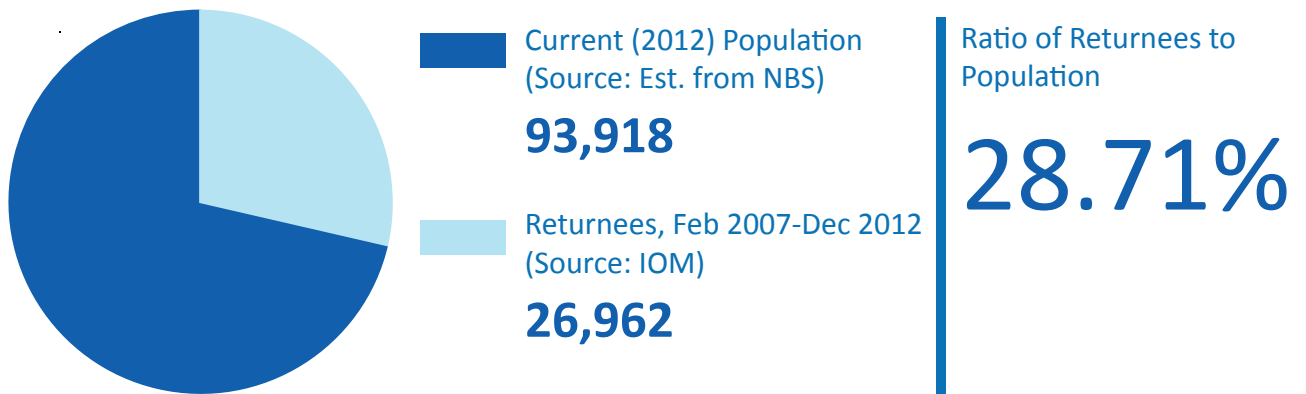
(Internal & External Threats & Availability of Rule of Law Institutions Continued)

Payam	External Threat	Internal Threat	Women Feel Unsafe per Boma	Bomas with Police Station	Bomas with Traditional Court
Imurok	-	Domestic Violence Violence against women Seasonal road access Crop disease Livestock disease	0 of 4	1 of 4	4 of 4
Lyire	Hunger	Domestic Violence Violence against women Seasonal road access Crop disease Livestock disease	0 of 5	1 of 5	5 of 5
Kudo	Armed conflict	Domestic Violence Violence against women Seasonal road access Crop disease Livestock disease	0 of 5	0 of 5	5 of 5

COUNTY PROFILE

IKOTOS, EASTERN EQUATORIA

County Population Information



IKOTOS, EASTERN EQUATORIA

Payams & Bomas		
Payam	Boma	Number of Villages
Hatire	Imilai	5
	Isuhak	6
	Katire Central	6
Ikwoto	Ifuda	6
	Ifune	8
	Lonyori	4
	Losihet	4
	Lotada	3
	Tanama	3
Imotong	Geria	4
	Hiniso	4
	Humadongi	4
	Ifose	4
	Ingoi	6
	Lomuleny	4

Lomohidang North	Lobulo	6
	Lodwara Mura	7
	Lodwara Talla	5
	Mak	6
	Okorohore	7
	Ramula	7
Lomohidang South	Chahari	5
	Hiriafit	3
	Ibunyak	4
	Isohe	7
	Lobira	2
	Mangala	4
	Woroworo	4
	Losite	Ateda
Lofus		3
Lotome		2
Nakoringole		3
Napeyese		5

Demographic Indicators of Respondents & Land Status

Payam	Main Tribes	Main Languages	Average Household Size (persons)	Main Settlement Types	Main Land Ownerships	Presence of Mines/UXO per Boma
Hatire	Acholi Bari Madi Fojulu	Acholi Arabic	-	Permanent Nomadic	Communal Ancestral	0 of 3
Ikwoto	Lango Acholi Permanent Arabic Dongotono Lotuka	Lango	36	Permanent	Individual Communal Ancestral	4 of 6
Imotong	Lango	Acholi Imotong	12	Permanent	Individual Communal Ancestral	1 of 6
Lomohidang North	Lango Logir Otuho	Dongotona Logitanai	13	Permanent	Individual Communal Ancestral	1 of 6
Lomohidang South	Lango Lotuka	Dongotono Dongotona	14	Permanent	Communal Ancestral	0 of 7
Losite	Lango	Ketebo Logitanai	13	Permanent	Communal Ancestral	0 of 5

LIVELIHOODS (BQ 2012)

Agricultural Practices & Challenges

Payam	Bomas Engaged in Farming	Food Crops Grown	Production Needs	Major Problems
Hatire	3 of 3	Maize Sorghum Sesame Groundnuts Vegetables Millet Cassava Other	Seed Tools Fertilizers Labor Training Tractor Compost fertilizer Ox Plough Irrigation equipment	Crop disease Other crop damage Market Access Natural disaster
Ikwoto	6 of 6	Maize Sorghum Sesame Groundnuts Vegetables Millet Cassava	Seed Tools Fertilizers Labor Training Tractor Compost fertilizer Irrigation equipment	Crop disease Other crop damage Market Access Natural disaster
Imotong	6 of 6	Maize Sorghum Sesame Groundnuts Vegetables Cassava Other	Seed Tools Fertilizers Training Tractor Compost fertilizer Ox Plough Irrigation equipment	Crop disease Other crop damage Market Access Conflict Natural disaster
Lomohidang North	6 of 6	Sorghum Sesame Groundnuts Vegetables Cassava	Land Seed Tools Fertilizers Labor Training Tractor Compost fertilizer Ox Plough Irrigation equipment	Crop disease Other crop damage Market Access Conflict Natural disaster
Lomohidang South	7 of 7	Maize Sorghum Sesame Groundnuts Vegetables Millet Cassava Rice	Seed Tools Training Tractor Ox Plough	Other crop damage Market Access Conflict Natural disaster
Losite	5 of 5	Maize Sorghum Sesame Groundnuts Vegetables Millet Cassava Other	Seed Tools Fertilizers Labor Training Tractor Compost fertilizer Ox Plough	Crop disease Other crop damage Market Access Conflict Natural disaster

Pastoralist Practices, Challenges & Market Access

Payam	Bomas Engaged in Livestock	Primary Livestock	Bomas with Livestock Market	Major Problems
Hatire	1 of 3	Cattle Goats	0 of 3	None
Ikwoto	6 of 6	Cattle Sheep Goats	1 of 6	Grazing land Diseases Water Market Conflict Droughts & floods
Imotong	6 of 6	Cattle Goats	1 of 6	Diseases Water Market Conflict Droughts & floods
Lomohidang North	6 of 6	Cattle Sheep Goats	0 of 6	Grazing land Diseases Water Market Conflict Droughts & floods
Lomohidang South	7 of 7	Cattle Sheep Goats	1 of 7	Diseases Water Conflict (cattle)
Losite	5 of 5	Cattle Sheep Goats	0 of 5	Diseases Water Market Conflict

Fishing Practices, Challenges & Alternate Means of Income

Payam	Bomas Engaged in Fisheries	Major Problems	Other Means of Income
Hatire	0 of 3	None	Income generating activities
Ikwoto	0 of 6	None	Employment Income generating activities
Imotong	4 of 6	Lack of inputs Droughts & floods Storage Market Conflict	Income generating activities
Lomohidang North	0 of 6	Lack of inputs	Income generating activities
Lomohidang South	0 of 7	None	Income generating activities
Losite	0 of 5	None	Income generating activities

Shocks & Coping Mechanisms

Payam	Period of Scarcity	Coping with Scarcity	Shocks in Past 2 Years	Coping with Shocks
Hatire	June - Sep	Forest fruits & vegetables	Droughts Floods Human epidemic Crop disease Pests	Wait for assistance Sell livestock
Ikwoto	Jan - June	Reduced meals Forest fruits & vegetables Extended family support	Disease Human epidemic Crop disease Pests	Wait for assistance Sell livestock
Imotong	May - Oct	Loans Reduced meals Forest fruits & vegetables Temporary migration	Disease Human epidemic Crop disease Pests Conflict Other	Wait for assistance Migrate Loans Sell livestock
Lomohidang North	Feb - Dec	Loans Reduced meals Forest fruits & vegetables Temporary migration Food aid	Droughts Floods Disease Human epidemic Crop disease Pests Conflict	Wait for assistance Migrate Loans Sell livestock Food from forest Other
Lomohidang South	Mar - Oct	Reduced meals Cash benefits Forest fruits & vegetables Temporary migration	Disease Pests Conflict	Wait for assistance Sell livestock
Losite	Mar - Sept	Reduce meals Cash benefits Forest fruits & vegetables Other	Disease Crop disease Pests Conflict	Wait for assistance Sell livestock

HEALTH (BQ 2012 & HEALTH TECHNICAL)

Health Facilities by Type, Attendance & Availability of Trained Personnel

Payam	Hospitals	PHCCs	PHCUs	Bomas w/Facilities	Ave. Annual Facility Attendance ^[1]	Bomas w/ Doctor	Bomas w/ MCHW	Bomas w/ Nurse
Hatire	0	1	1	2 of 3	990	0	0	0
Ikwoto	0	2	1	4 of 6	3,029	0	0	2
Imotong	0	1	5	5 of 6	269	0	0	0
Lomohidang North	0	0	4	3 of 6	983	0	0	1
Lomohidang South	1	0	3	4 of 7	2,430	1	1	3
Losite	0	1	4	5 of 5	307	0	0	1

^[1] Mean average facility attendance covers facility reported patient intake for 2009-2011.

Health Awareness Raising Activities & Epidemiological Indicators

Payam	Bomas with Education Awareness on HIV/AIDS (Source: BQ)	Facility Conducts Immunization	Top Illness U5s	Past Outbreak	Likely Outbreak
Hatire	2 of 3	2 of 2	Malaria Pneumonia Diarrhea	-	Cholera Yellow Fever
Ikwoto	1 of 6	3 of 3	Malaria Pneumonia Diarrhea Acute respiratory infection	-	Measles Meningitis Yellow Fever
Imotong	4 of 6	6 of 6	Malaria Diarrhea	-	Measles Meningitis Yellow Fever Other
Lomohidang North	2 of 6	0 of 3	Malaria Diarrhea	-	Measles Yellow Fever
Lomohidang South	1 of 7	4 of 4	Malaria Diarrhea	-	Measles Meningitis
Losite	5 of 5	4 of 5	Malaria	-	None

WATER & SANITATION (BQ 2012)

Water Accessibility, Migration & Conflict

Payam	Most Year-Round Accessible Source	Water Accessible to All per Boma	Seasonal Migration	Conflict on Migration Route Due to Competition for Water per Boma	Local Water Conflicts per Boma
Hatire	River Borehole	2 of 3	March - Dec	0 of 3	0 of 6
Ikwoto	Borehole Tap	0 of 6	None	None	0 of 6
Imotong	Spring	1 of 6	None	None	1 of 6
Lomohidang North	Borehole	0 of 6	None	None	5 of 6
Lomohidang South	River Spring Borehole Tap	1 of 7	None	None	6 of 7
Losite	spring	0 of 5	None	None	3 of 5

Sanitation Facilities & Hygiene Education

Payam	Most Common Latrine Type	Bomas with Hygiene Education in Past 2 Years
Hatire	Household simple toilet	3 of 3
Ikwoto	Household simple toilet	3 of 6
Imotong	None	6 of 6
Lomohidang North	None	4 of 6
Lomohidang South	Public simple pit Household simple toilet	3 of 7
Losite	Household simple toilet Household ventilated pit	5 of 5

EDUCATION (BQ 2012 & EDUCATION TECHNICAL)

School Availability by Grade, Curriculum & Estimated Attendance Rate

Payam	Schools <S4	Schools =S4	Schools <S6	Schools <S8	Curriculums	% Attending ^[1]	% Girls Attending
Hatire	1	0	0	2	New S. Sudan	100%	100%
Ikwoto	0	2	0	4	Uganda New S. Sudan	29%	70%
Imotong	0	1	3	1	Kenya New S. Sudan	31%	44%
Lomohidang North	0	5	1	0	New S. Sudan	25%	31%
Lomohidang South	2	2	2	1	New S. Sudan	50%	100%
Losite	1	2	3	1	New S. Sudan	70%	75%

^[1] Source: BQ 2012.

Causes of School Dropout & Urgent Needs

Payam	Boys Reasons for Dropping Out	Girls Reasons for Dropping Out	Bomas with School	Most urgent needs ^[2]
Hatire	Distance Family decision Migration	Distance Early marriage Family decision Migration	3 of 3	Trained teachers
Ikwoto	Distance Family decision	Distance Early marriage Family decision	6 of 6	Trained teacher Maintenance Additional classes Water
Imotong	School fees Distance Conflict Family decision	School fees Distance Early marriage Family decision Migration	5 of 6	Trained teacher Additional classes
Lomohidang North	Distance Conflict Family decision	Distance Conflict Early marriage Family decision Other	5 of 6	Trained teachers
Lomohidang South	School fees Family decision Migration Other	School fees Early marriage Family decision Migration	6 of 7	Trained teachers Maintenance Additional classes
Losite	School fees Distance Conflict Family decision Migration Other	School fees Early marriage Family decision Migration	5 of 5	Trained teachers Maintenance Water

^[2] Source: BQ 2012.

PROTECTION (BQ 2012)

Internal & External Threats & Availability of Rule of Law Institutions

Payam	External Threat	Internal Threat	Women Feel Unsafe per Boma	Bomas with Police Station	Bomas with Traditional Court
Hatire	Drought Flood Hunger Epidemics	Domestic violence Violence against women Road access Crop diseases	0 of 3	0 of 3	3 of 3
Ikwoto	Hunger Epidemics	Armed conflict Domestic violence Violence against women Road access Crop diseases	2 of 6	2 of 6	6 of 6
Imotong	Flood Hunger Epidemics	Armed conflict Domestic violence Violence against women Road access Crop diseases	1 of 6	1 of 6	6 of 6
Lomohidang North	Hunger Epidemics	Armed conflict Domestic violence Violence against women Road access Crop diseases	0 of 6	0 of 6	6 of 6
Lomohidang South	Hunger Epidemics	Armed conflict Domestic violence Violence against women Road access Crop diseases	2 of 7	2 of 7	7 of 7
Losite	Armed conflict Hunger Epidemics Other	Armed conflict Domestic violence Violence against women Road access Crop diseases	5 of 5	5 of 5	5 of 5



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